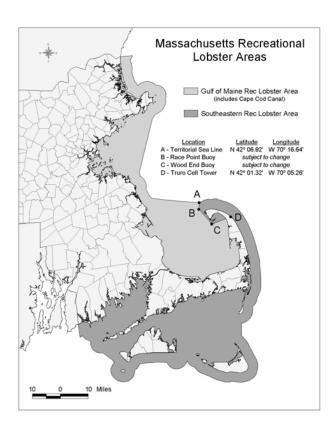
RECREATIONAL MANAGEMENT AREAS

Coastal Waters Under the Jurisdiction of the Commonwealth: All the waters within the rise and fall of the tide extending out to three miles from an established coastal baseline and all the waters of Massachusetts Bay, Cape Cod Bay, and Nantucket Sound. It does not include the waters within or above any fish ladder or dam, or the waters above any tidal bound established by DEP in streams flowing to the sea.

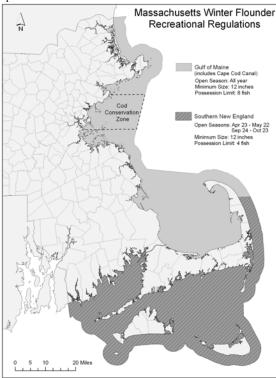
Gulf of Maine Recreational <u>Lobster</u> Area (GOM) means those state waters north of Cape Cod Bay to the New Hampshire border including waters of the Cape Cod Canal but not those waters within the Southeastern Recreational Lobster Area.

Southeastern Recreational Lobster Area (SE) means those state waters south and east of Cape Cod including waters of Buzzards Bay, Vineyard Sound, Nantucket Sound. In addition this Area further includes certain waters with the town of Provincetown and Truro shoreward of a line drawn from the territorial seas line northwest of race Point at 42 degrees 7 minutes latitude and 70 degrees 16 minutes longitude south to the Race Point Buoy then southeast to the Wood End Buoy and east to the shoreline at 42 degrees 01.32 minutes latitude and 70 degrees 05.26 minutes longitude.



Gulf of Maine Winter Flounder Stock Area (GOM) are those waters under the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth north of Cape Cod from the New Hampshire border south to Cape Cod including waters east of Cape Cod north of the 42° line and all of Cape Cod Bay and the Cape Cod Canal that is bounded to the west by a line drawn from the Massachusetts Maritime Academy to the Bell's Neck Rd./Tidal Flats Recreation Area. The GOM Area also includes all estuaries and salt ponds that drain to these waters.

Southern New England Winter Flounder Stock Area (SNE) means those waters under the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth east of Cape Cod south of 42° and south of Cape Cod and the Islands including Buzzards Bay, Vineyard Sound and Nantucket Sound. The SNE area includes in the County of Barnstable Pleasant Bay and Nauset Harbor, including all connecting embayments. The SNE area also includes all estuaries and salt ponds that drain to these waters.



Diver access to Commonwealth Tidelands - Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 91, Section 10D. No person shall be denied access during daylight hours to Commonwealth tidelands across any land available to the public for swimming or recreation which is owned or controlled by the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions for the purpose of SCUBA diving or skin diving which activities are hereby declared to be water dependent uses; provided, however, that if such tidelands are at any time closed to access by the general public, such access by such SCUBA diver or skin diver shall not be permitted.

DIVER MARKING

Dive FLAG - Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 90B, Section 13A. Every scuba diver or group of scuba divers while swimming on or under the surface of the waters of the Commonwealth shall display for each diver or group of divers as a warning device to boat operators, a diver's flag, so called, constructed of rigidly supported material at least twelve inches by fifteen inches in area of red background with a white diagonal stripe. Such diver's flag shall be displayed on a boat or surface float and shall extend a minimum distance of three feet from the surface of the water. Divers shall remain in an area within one hundred feet of such displayed diver's flag while at or near the surface of the water. A boat operator within sight of a diver's flag shall proceed with caution and within a radius of one hundred feet of such flag shall proceed at a speed not to exceed 3 miles per hour.

FISHING FOR LOBSTER & CRABS

PERMITS & CONDITIONS - A <u>non-commercial lobster permit</u> endorsed for diving is required of all individuals who recreationally dive for lobster in coastal waters. It also allows the holder to take edible crabs. No permit is required to take edible crabs (includes blue crab) for use by immediate family, provided that the number of crabs does not exceed fifty (50) in one day and that no pots or traps are used. Annual catch reports are required of all non-commercial lobster permit holders. These forms are provided by DMF and are also available online at <u>www.mass.gov/marinefisheries</u>. Renewal licenses will not be issued until a catch report has been filed.

To sell lobster, a <u>commercial lobster permit</u> is required; *MarineFisheries* is currently not issuing new commercial lobster permits.

SEASON

Taking of Blue crabs and edible crabs is prohibited from January through April.

		Minimu m Size	Maximum Size	Possession Limit
Blue Crab		4 1/8" (2)		(1)
Edible Crabs				
Lobster	Gulf of Maine Recreational Area	3 1/4"	5"	15 per day
	Southeastern Recreational Area	3 3/8"		15 per day

⁽¹⁾ Blue crabs are measured across the shell from tip to tip of the posterior most, longest spines along the lateral margins of the carapace. Fifty crab possession limit without a permit.

GEAR MARKING - Divers must display their assigned number upon their air tank and a floating marker (upright single panel, at least 12" x 12", white background, black numerals at least 3" high, ½" in thickness or width of line on both sides of the marker). A group of divers may use only one floating marker listing the license number of each diver in the group.

TAKING OF LOBSTERS & CRABS

PROHIBITIONS - It is illegal for anyone, except the owner, to handle, destroy or molest any lobster or crab pot or other fishing gear, including any gear swept upon the shore, beaches or flats whether public or private, or to take fish there from.

Taking of lobsters and crabs from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise is strictly prohibited.

Spearing, dipping or dragging for lobsters is prohibited.

Removal of eggs from lobsters is prohibited. Egg-bearing lobsters or lobsters from which eggs have been removed must be immediately returned alive to the waters from which taken.

LOBSTER V-NOTCH REGULATIONS - Non-commercial fishermen fishing, transiting, or landing lobster in the Gulf of Maine Recreational Lobster Area are required to release any female lobster bearing a v-shaped notch of any size with or without setal hairs.

Non-commercial fishermen fishing, transiting, or landing in the **Southeastern Recreational Lobster Area** are required to release any female lobster bearing a straight-sided triangular cut without setal hairs at least one-quarter inch in depth and tapering to a sharp point.

The right flipper will be examined when the underside of the lobster is down and its tail is toward the person making the determination.

V-notched female lobsters must be immediately returned alive to the waters from which taken.

It is unlawful for any person to possess a female lobster that is mutilated in a manner that could hide, obscure or obliterate such a mark.

Mutilation of any lobster which affects its measurement or the possession of lobster parts shall be *prima facie* evidence that the lobster was less than legal minimum size.

⁽²⁾ Carapace length is measured from the rear of eye socket parallel to the center line of the body shell. Divers are required to measure all lobsters in possession prior to surfacing.

RECREATIONAL DIVING FOR SHELLFISH & URCHINS

C	C11	T !!4	M: C:
<u>Species</u>	Closed Season	<u>Limit</u>	Min. Size
	50000		
Bay Scallops	4/1-10/1	Consult town	Well
		rules	defined
			growth ring
Conchs			2¾" width
Oysters			3"
Soft-shell Clams			2"
Sea Scallops		1 Bu/day	3½" ht
		with shells or	
		4 quarts of	
		shucked	
		meat	
Surf Clams			5'
Quahogs			1"
			thickness
Sea Urchins			2" excludes
			spines

PERMITS & REGULATIONS - The taking of shellfish is subject to the control of the cities and towns. Consult local authorities for regulations and permits. *MarineFisheries* has authority to regulate surf clams, ocean quahogs, and shellfish taken from contaminated areas. A special regulated fishery permit is required for harvesting surf clams, ocean quahogs and sea urchins for commercial purposes.

To sell shellfish, an individual must possess a town/city commercial shellfish permit, a state commercial fisherman permit endorsed for shellfish, and a shellfish ID card issued by the Division of Marine Fisheries.

Recreational diving for conch and sea scallops in state waters is allowed without a permit, but check with town regulations. If harvesting sea scallops in a contaminated area, they must be shucked at sea.

A commercial permit endorsed for scallop diving must be obtained for any diver taking sea scallops for commercial purposes or for those exceeding the recreational bag limit. Every diver aboard a vessel where the amount of scallops present exceeds the recreational bag limit must be commercially permitted. These permits are not available to non-residents unless their state allows similar access to Massachusetts residents to sea scallop dive fisheries.

SPEARFISHING

52 251211 151111 16						
Species	Note	Closed Season	Limit	Min. Size		
Black Sea Bass			*20	12"		
Bluefish			*10			
Atlantic Cod	1	See note	10	22"		
Dabs				14"		
Eel	2		*50	6"		
Grey Sole				14"		
Haddock				19"		
Monkfish				17" [†]		
Halibut			1	36"		
Pollock						
Redfish				9"		
Scup	3	*9/1- 4/30	*25	*10 ½ "/ 9"		
Summer Flounder	4		*7	*17/14"		
Tautog	Closed Commercially 11/1-4/15 & 5/16- 7/10		*3/40	16"		
Weakfish			*10	16"		
Windowpane				12"		
Winter Flounder	5	See note 5	See note 5	12"		
Yellowtail Flounder				13"		

^{* -} refers to recreational fishing only

- Consult NOAA Fisheries web site at www.nero.noaa.gov/nero
 for possession limits for party/charter boats fishing the EEZ.
- (2) Subject to regulation by *MarineFisheries* and local community. Consult local regulations.
- (3) Anglers aboard private vessels or fishing from shore are limited to a 25 scup daily possession limit (maximum of 50-fish per vessel with two or more persons aboard). Anglers aboard forhire vessels are limited to a 60 scup daily possession limit from May 1 through June 30 and a 25 scup daily possession limit from July 1 through August 31.
- (4) Summer flounder has varying commercial possession limits, see 322 CMR 6.28 for details.
- (5) Recreational winter flounder fishery is managed by area-based rules:

Gulf of Maine Area: no closed season, 8 fish daily possession limit

Southern New England Area: spring open fishing period begins on the 4th Saturday in April and remains open for 30 consecutive days, fall open fishing period begins on the 4th

Saturday in September and remains open for 30 consecutive days, the fishery is closed at all other times.

There is a 4 fish daily possession limit during the open fishing periods.

(6) Harvest of cod by any method prohibited in Cod Conservation Zone (CCZ) from Dec – Jan 15.

Commercial fishing is prohibited in Mt. Hope Bay and its tributaries year-round, Inshore Net Area (see 322 CMR 4.02) from February 1st through May 31st.

Finfish are measured as the greatest **straight** line (not curved over the body) length in inches as measured on a fish with its mouth closed from the anterior tip of the jaw or snout to the farthest extremity of the tail. For fish with forked tails, the upper and lower fork may be squeezed together to measure the tail extremity. Exception for black sea bass where the tail filament is not included.

PERMITS - No permit is currently required for recreational spearfishing. However, a commercial rod & reel permit allows the holder only, to catch and sell finfish (to a licensed dealer) caught by rod & reel or diving. No other gear types may be used.

DMF TAGGING PROGRAMS - Periodically *MarineFisheries* conducts tagging studies of a particular finfish species to develop a better understanding of local movements, habitat preference, migration, growth, and general abundance. The diver/angler plays a significant role in retrieving valuable data. Carefully examine your catch for tags. If found, record the tag number if returning fish to water, or snip off the tag if keeping fish. Contact the address printed on the tag and you will be briefed on the tagging study and may even receive a reward. Recently, snapper bluefish, striped bass, winter flounder, cunner, lobster and black sea bass have been tagged in our waters.

MASSACHUSETTS DIVISION OF MARINE FISHERIES FACILITIES

Division Headquarters	South Shore Office			
251 Causeway Street, Suite 400	50A Portside Drive			
Boston, MA 02114	Pocasset, MA 02559			
(617) 626-1520	(508) 563-1779			
Annisquam River Station	Martha's Vineyard			
30 Emerson Ave	P.O. Box 9			
Gloucester, MA 01930	Vineyard Haven, MA 02568			
(978) 282-0308	(508) 693-0060			
Shellfish Purification Plant	New Bedford Field Facility			
Plum Island	838 S. Rodney French Blvd.			
Newburyport, MA 01950	New Bedford, MA 02744			
(978) 465-3553	(508) 910-6342- Fax			
Environmental Law Enforcement				
Hewitts Cove - (617) 727-0882	N. Coastal Bureau – (617) 283-7764			
Radio Room - (617) 626-1665	TOLL FREE - 1-800-632-8075			

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Abstract of MarineFisheries Regulations for SCUBA Divers

as of March 2006



Paul J. Diodati, Director

Mitt Romney, Governor Kerry Healey, Lieutenant Governor Stephen Pritchard, EOEA Secretary David M. Peters, Commissioner

This pamphlet contains abstracts of some of the laws of interest to divers who utilize Massachusetts coastal waters and are subject to change without notice. Contact DMF for current regulations.

^{† - 11&}quot; minimum size for tails if landed separately